

REASONS FOR LACK OF SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AMONG BRAZILIAN YOUTH: AN EXPLORATION OF PNAD CONTINUOUS DATA 2019

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Exploring the methodology with which Brazil deals with school dropout, the task of what is prescribed in Art. 5 of the Federal Constitution, which provides for equal education to all. Although access to education has improved considerably in recent decades, when it comes to keeping students in schools until completion of their basic education the challenges tend to increase, deriving from various causes. It is clear that the country has a great disparity of income and access to educational resources, due to this the present study aims to present the internal factors, individual and how they influence the poor performance and school discouragement of students causing dropouts. The original article was based on data from PNAD Contínua 2019 as its main data source. Three specific tables containing relevant variables were selected, as defined by the IBGE criteria. The organization and manipulation of the data were performed using Microsoft Office Excel. The statistical analysis was conducted through the application of the Pareto Diagram, a tool that allowed to clearly visualize the main causes of nonschool attendance. School dropout in Brazil, influenced by economic inequality, affects low-income students, driven by financial barriers to leaving their studies to support their families. The results revealed that the main reason for not attending school among individuals was the need to reconcile school and work, while the location where the student resides did not have schools was identified as the least frequent cause, representing the lowest percentage. Given that the reality of dropout and abandonment significantly affects the school, and consequently the whole society, the act of the student leaving a teaching early or before the appropriate deadline reinforces social problems. To combat this problem, it is necessary to address socio-economic issues, improve school infrastructure, provide adequate health support, promote sex education and strengthen safety in schools. In addition, it is critical to inspire students' motivation and engagement by showing them the value of education for their future. In closing, education is a fundamental right, and every effort must be made to ensure that all students have the opportunity to complete their basic education and achieve their goals in life. Combating school dropout is crucial to building a more equal Brazil with a more promising future for all its citizens.

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